

SUMMARIES

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METHODOLOGICAL APPROACHES TO THE EVALUATION OF THE PROPERTIES OF LABOR COSTS

The problem of objective measurement of labor costs was solved by developing a methodology for assessing the quality of the labor cost of production of goods and services in the workplace.

The technique of obtaining the reduced probability of each factor is labor costs. It is that the multiplication the possibility by weight, for example, a negative factor labor costs, equivalent to multiplying the weight reduced by the possibility of reduced the same factor, which is equal to one hundred percent. This relation can be easier and faster to find the weight reduced negative or positive factor labor costs.

Measurement of properties labor costs allows more accurately measure the wages, productivity, labor costs and other factors. Costs of properties and factors of labor costs are transferred to the goods and services produced in the course of business. The interaction of subjective and objective properties reduced labor costs in the workplace is the creation of goods and services that are in demand or not in demand. Evaluation of labor costs is based on the simultaneous account of costs and benefits of economic activity.

The problem of estimation of labor costs is solved by installing the workplace all the properties that characterize the labor costs and the expression of a single number as a measure of labor costs. The value of this parameter will be the main underlying reason accrual of wages to one or a group of employees.

Properties labor costs because of their number and for the convenience of the following calculations in the work was divided into eight groups: organizational, sensory organs, physiological, technical, chemical, biological, climatic, sanitary and hygienic.