

## SUMMARIES

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### **FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT: GLOBAL, NATIONAL AND REGIONAL ASPECTS**

While general level of direct investments decreased in 2012 in developing and transitive countries appeared less affected by such decrease. 9 of 20 most important recipients of investments are developing countries.

In the global space of FDI invested primarily in commodity oriented activities. In Ukraine – in manufacturing and financial activities, and in the region – in manufacturing (wood processing and production of wood (a joint interest of investors from EU and CU), other industries (interference priority for EU investors)). CU attractive for countries at the regional level is real estate, service, repair, household appliances.

Ukraine successfully attracted nearly 8 billion usd in 2012 that was in part due to the European Football Championship. Major investors to Ukrainian economy in 2012 were Cyprus, Germany and Holland. They contributed about 50% of all FDI. Most of them were directed to industrial and financial activities. Russia's part in overall flows of FDI to Ukraine was only 7%.

Inflows of FDI from EU countries to Transcarpathia are very important and they actually support an innovative production.

5 most attractive types of economical activity represent 85.2% of region's innovations. Investment flows from Russia, Kazakhstan and Belorussia are much smaller and have no significant impact on not only economical and industrial processes but also creating new payrolls.

Thus results of the research on national and regional levels prove the importance of co-operation of Ukraine and EU-countries in investment and development of innovations.