

ABSTRACTS

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THE PROBLEMS AND CHALLENGES OF YOUTH UNEMPLOYMENT GROWTH FOR UKRAINE AND EU COUNTRIES

The problem of unemployment in today's globalized world has long ceased to be local. Regulation mechanisms (those that have been used till nowadays and covered a number of interrelated activities in various spheres of international cooperation), could not fully offset the negative trends related to population migration, its employment, formation of labor potential (especially among youth) etc. The global scale of people's displacements, associated with wars, conflicts and persecutions, exceeds all the indicators recorded before. Migration crisis that swept the EU in the second half of 2015 has become a problem they were not ready to. In Ukraine the surge of migration is caused by current macroeconomic and military-political crises. The rate of youth unemployment in Ukraine has reached unprecedented levels. Youth is the most active and mobile part of Ukrainian society which accounts for a large share of labor and illegal migrants. Nowadays such social, economic and political conditions of the life of society have been formed in Ukraine that may cause a new wave of emigration and it may be the next challenge for the EU. Therefore, to reduce the negative impact of the unemployment crisis on the economy of Ukraine and optimize migration flows with European countries the series of regulatory measures are needed. Among them the most effective is the following measures: to promote the institutionalization of migration at the governmental level (based on the EU-Ukraine Association Agreement), to create at the legislative level conditions for virtual forms of employment development in Ukraine and to provide a productive relationship of science, education and production.