

ABSTRACT

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GDP STRUCTURE BY CATEGORIES OF INCOME: COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS

The article is devoted to the comparison of the GDP structure by categories of income of Ukraine, its closest neighbors and individual developed countries. The analysis showed that, firstly, the least protected from losses as a result of the economic downturn are employees. Business and government are more flexible and have more tools to compensate for their losses. Secondly, the Ukrainian economy, with the smallest share of wages in GDP, however, gives the highest rate share of final consumption and the lowest gross savings. This means that the resulting business and state income also largely go to final consumption. That is, with the primary formation of revenues favorable conditions for investment and increased economic growth, Ukraine has the redistribution after the performance of investment activities that are clearly not sufficient to achieve the desired economic growth. To measure the level of GDP structure social orientation, we have proposed to use the «business-labor» ratio as the ratio of gross profit to compensation of employees. The analysis showed that for Ukraine, Russia and Belarus it reaches 100%, while in developed countries it fluctuates at the level of 30-45%, which indicates a real social orientation of the latter.